Short Communication

GROWTH, AND PRESERVATION OF BACILLUS THURINGIENSIS FROM THURICIDE HP IN IRAN

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Strain HD - 1 of Bacillus Thuringiensis Berliner var. Kurstaki', (serotype IIIa and IIIb) was isolated from Thuricide Hp (Sandos INC. Crop protection. San Diege, Calif. 92/08, USA) and activated in tripticase soy broth (TSB) for 24 hrs at 30°C. The isolated bacterium was grown in a seed medium - containing: Corn meal (5g), yeast autolysate (10 ml), P o4HK2 (4g), distilled water (1000 ml), PH 7.0-7.2, for 8 hrs at room temperature (1000 ml - stationary culture). The seed culture was transfered to a fermentation medium containing: Dextrose (10g), corn meal (4.5g), yeast autolysate (12 ml), Po4HK2 (3.5 g), NaOH (0.43g), Cac12 (0.1 g), Distiled water (1000 ml), PH 7.0, and grown at room temperature for 16 hrs (10 liter stationary culture, aerated with strile air). In this medium, sporulation and crystal formation occured after 6 and 8 hrs respectively which correspondes to the logatritmic phase of the growth. The culture was allowed togrow for 16-hrs, at which the maximum yield occured, and the resulting bacterial population contained spores and crystals characterisisc of the pathogenic strain. The culture was subsequently mixed a carrier medium. After 3 months the becterium has remained viable in the carier. Biologiced activity of the product is under investigation.

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